Consolidated Financial Report July 31, 2018

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## JLM Couture, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets

	(	Unaudited) July 31, 2018	(	October 31, 2017
Assets				
Current assets: Cash	\$	5,843,144	\$	4,737,728
Accounts receivable, less allowance for uncollectible amounts of \$203,500 at July 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017, respectively Inventories		4,993,419 2,851,121		4,368,709 3,674,665
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		355,533		388,002
Total current assets		14,043,217		13,169,104
Equipment and leasehold improvements, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$670,164 and \$538,749 at July 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017, respectively Samples, net of accumulated depreciation of \$485,786 and \$317,283 at July 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017, respectively		825,115 527,076		738,476 508,673
Deferred income taxes Other assets		403,000 832,108		536,000 699,297
Other assets		032,100		099,297
Total assets	\$	16,630,516	\$	15,651,550
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Line of credit Accrued expenses and other current liabilities Income tax payable Customer deposits <b>Total current liabilities</b>	\$	1,372,106 400,000 1,271,296 522,770 <u>611,988</u> 4,178,160	\$	1,526,260 400,000 1,145,964 750,990 713,661 4,536,875
Deferred rent		277,664		311,062
Total liabilities		4,455,824		4,847,937
Commitments and contingencies Shareholders' equity: Preferred stock - \$.0001 par value, authorized 1,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding - none Common stock - \$.0002 par value, authorized 10,000,000 shares;		-		-
issued 2,534,480 ; outstanding 1,627,736 at July 31, 2018 and 1,630,853 at October 31, 2017, respectively Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings		559 4,418,432 9,899,294		559 4,418,432 8,457,147
		14,318,285		12,876,138
Less: Notes receivable and accrued interest Treasury stock at cost: 906,744 shares at July 31, 2018 and 903,627		(4,210) (2,139,383)		(36,710) (2,118,315)
shares at October 31, 2017, respectively Total shareholders' equity		12,174,692		10,721,113
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	16,630,516	\$	15,569,050

## Consolidated Statements of Income (Unaudited) For The Nine Months Ended July 31, 2018 and 2017

	July 31	July 31
	2018	2017
Net sales	\$ 23,555,157	\$ 25,193,386
Cost of goods sold	13,052,285	15,439,803
Gross profit	10,502,872	9,753,583
Selling, general and administrative expenses	8,337,513	8,850,793
Operating income	2,165,359	902,790
Other income (expense):		
Interest expense	(33,092)	(37,465)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	106,242	170,321
Total other income (expense)	73,150	132,856
Income before income taxes	2,238,509	1,035,646
Income tax expense	(796,362)	(414,018)
Net income	\$ 1,442,147	\$ 621,628

#### Consolidated Statement of Shareholders' Equity (Unaudited) For The Nine Months Ended July 31, 2018

					Notes Receivable				
					and				Total
	Commor	n Stock	Additional	Retained	Accrued	Treas	ury Stock	Sha	reholders'
	Shares	Amount	Paid-In Capital	Earnings	Interest	Shares	Amount	E	Equity
Balance, October 31, 2017 Repurchase of shares	2,534,480	\$ 559	\$ 4,418,432	\$ 8,457,147	\$ (4,210)	(903,627) (3,117)	\$ (2,118,315) \$ (21,068)	\$ 10	0,753,613 (21,068)
Net income		-	-	1,442,147	-	-	-		1,442,147
Balance, July 31, 2018	2,534,480	\$ 559	\$ 4,418,432	\$ 9,899,294	\$ (4,210)	(906,744)	\$ (2,139,383)	\$ 12	2,174,692

## Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows Unaudited For The Nine Months Ended July 31, 2018 and 2017

For the Nine Month's Ended July 31, 2016 and 2017	July 31, 2018			July 31, 2017		
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Net income	\$	1,442,148	\$	621,028		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in)						
provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		131,415		106,647		
Amortization of samples		168,503		142,362		
Deferred income taxes		133,000		-		
Deferred rent		(11,551)		8,154		
Changes in assets and liabilities affecting operating cash flows:						
(Increase) decrease in:		(004 - 40)				
Accounts receivable		(624,710)		(573,312)		
Inventories		773,544		2,273,980		
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		32,469		144,348		
Samples and other assets Increase (decrease) in:		(319,717)		(257,564)		
Accounts payable		(154,154)		(371,260)		
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		103,484		(69,064)		
Income taxes payable / receivable		(228,220)		315,758		
Customer deposits		(101,673)		12,948		
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,344,538		2,354,025		
Oral flame from in motion activities						
Cash flows from investing activities:		(040.054)		(47.040)		
Purchase of property and equipment		(218,054)		(17,313)		
Net cash used in investing activities		(218,054)		(17,313)		
Cash flows from financing activities:						
Purchase of treasury stock		(21,068)		(472,645)		
Net cash used in financing activities		(21,068)		(472,645)		
Net (decrease) increase in cash		1,105,416		1,864,067		
Cash:						
Beginning						
		4,737,728		1,831,700		
Ending	\$	5,843,144	\$	3,695,767		
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information: Cash paid during the period for:						
Interest	\$	40,836	\$	33,888		
Income taxes	\$	891,582	\$	86,020		

#### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

## The Company

JLM Couture, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the Company) is engaged in the design and manufacture of traditional, high-quality bridal wear and related accessories, including bridesmaid gowns. Products are sold to specialty bridal shops located throughout the continental United States and Europe. The Company also has one retail location located in California.

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Basis of presentation:** The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of JLM Couture, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Alvina Valenta Couture Collection, Inc., JLM Europe Ltd., and JLM North America, Inc. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") for interim unaudited consolidated financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete consolidated financial statements. The unaudited consolidated financial statements furnished reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full year. These unaudited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended October 31, 2017.

**Use of estimates:** The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**Foreign currency translation:** All assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at fiscal year-end exchange rates. Gains and losses from foreign currency transactions are recorded in operations.

**Cash:** For purposes of the consolidated statements of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

**Concentration of credit risk:** The Company maintains cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses on these accounts and does not believe it has significant credit risk.

Accounts receivable: Accounts receivable are reported at their outstanding unpaid principal balances reduced by an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts is determined based upon estimates made by management and maintained at a level considered adequate to provide for future uncollectible amounts based on collection history, age of receivables and other factors deemed appropriate. Actual results could differ from these estimates. The Company writes off accounts receivable against the allowance account when a balance is deemed to be uncollectible.

**Inventories:** Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market, and include material, labor and overhead.

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Prepaid advertising and marketing costs:** Prepaid advertising and marketing costs include costs of advertisements that have not yet been published. Upon publishing of an advertisement, the related cost is expensed by the Company. Advertising and promotional costs for the nine months ended July 31, 2018 and 2017 amounted to approximately \$1,448,700 and \$1,765,400,respectively.

**Equipment and leasehold improvements:** Depreciation of equipment is computed using the straightline method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, which range from five to ten years. Amortization of leasehold improvements and leased equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the lesser of the lease term or estimated useful lives of the assets. Major additions and improvements are capitalized, and repairs and maintenance are charged to operations as incurred.

**Samples:** The Company produces trunk show samples of each dress line to be used for display at trunk shows (fashion shows in customers' stores). These dresses are shipped from customer to customer to be used at numerous trunk shows throughout the year. These dresses are amortized over a one-year period.

In addition, the Company produces production samples that are used by contractors in manufacturing dresses as they are ordered by customers. These production samples are amortized over their useful life of four years. Based on historical sales patterns, a dress style is typically sold for approximately four years after its introduction. Sample costs include all costs of manufacturing the samples, which consist primarily of fabric and trim, as well as contract labor and allocated overhead. The Company reviews its samples on a regular basis for any styles that have been discontinued. Discontinued samples are written off and charged to operations in the period in which they are discontinued.

**Long-lived assets:** The Company reviews its long-lived assets and certain related intangibles for impairment whenever changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be fully recoverable. As a result of its review, the Company does not believe that any such change has occurred. If such changes in circumstances are present, a loss is recognized to the extent the carrying value of the asset is in excess of the sum of the undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition.

Recent accounting pronouncements: In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers. ASU 2014-09 requires an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. ASU 2014-09 will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP when it becomes effective and permits the use of either a full retrospective or retrospective with cumulative effect transition method. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14 which defers the effective date of ASU 2014-09 one year making it effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The Company is evaluating the effect that the standard will have on its consolidated financial statements and related disclosures. The Company has not vet selected a transition method nor has it determined the effect of the standard on its ongoing financial reporting. In April 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-10, Revenue from Contracts with Customers -Identifying Performance Obligations and Licensing to assist preparers with identifying performance obligations and implementing licensing guidance under the new revenue standard. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the pending adoption of the new standard on the financial statements. In May 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-12, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Narrow-Scope Improvements and Practical Expedients. This ASU provides clarifying guidance in certain narrow areas and adds some practical expedients relative to assessing collectability, presentation of

#### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

## Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

taxes collected form customers, noncash consideration, contract modifications at transition, and completed contracts at transition and technical corrections. and is currently evaluating the impact of the pending adoption of these ASUs on its consolidated financial statements. The amendments have the same effective date and transition requirements as ASU 2014-09. The Company has not yet selected a transition method

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-15, *Presentation of Financial Statements*—Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40): Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern. ASU 2014-15 explicitly requires management to evaluate, at each annual or interim reporting period, whether there are conditions or events that exist which raise substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide related disclosures. The Company does not expect the adoption of ASU 2015-11 to have a material effect on its consolidated financial statements.

In July 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-11, *Inventory (Topic 330): Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory*. The amendments in the ASU require entities that measure inventory using the first-in, first-out or average cost methods to measure inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is defined as estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal and transportation. This ASU will be effective for the Company for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. Early adoption of ASU 2015-11 is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the effects adoption of this guidance will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In November 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-17, *Income Taxes (Topic 740): Balance Sheet Classification of Deferred Taxes.* This ASU simplifies the presentation of deferred income taxes by eliminating the requirement for entities to separate deferred tax liabilities and assets into current and noncurrent amounts in classified balance sheets. Instead, it requires deferred tax assets and liabilities be classified as noncurrent in the balance sheet. ASU 2015-17 is effective for financial statements issued for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted, and this ASU may be applied either prospectively to all deferred tax liabilities and assets or retrospectively to all periods presented. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The guidance in this ASU supersedes the leasing guidance in Topic 840, *Leases*. Under the new guidance, lessees are required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the income statement. The new standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. A modified retrospective transition approach is required for lessees for capital and operating leases existing at, or entered into after, the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented in the financial statements, with certain practical expedients available. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the pending adoption of the new standard on its consolidated financial statements.

#### Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

## Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

In August 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-15, *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230): Classification of Certain Cash Receipts and Cash Payments*. ASU 2016-15 provides guidance on how certain cash receipts and cash payments should be presented and classified in the statement of cash flows with the objective of reducing existing diversity in practice with respect to these items. ASU 2016-15 is effective for annual periods, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact the adoption of this guidance will have on its consolidated statement of cash flows.

**Fair value of financial instruments:** The Company's financial instruments consist principally of cash, accounts receivable, and accounts payable. The Company believes all of the financial instruments' recorded values approximate current values because of the short-term nature of those instruments.

**Revenue recognition:** Revenue is recognized when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, the product has been delivered, the rights and risks of ownership have passed to the customer, the price is fixed and determinable, and collection of the resulting receivable is reasonably assured. For arrangements that include customer acceptance provisions, revenue is not recognized until the terms of acceptance are met. Reserves for sales returns and allowances are estimated and provided for at the time revenue is recognized.

**Freight and delivery costs:** The Company's freight and delivery costs are included in selling, general and administrative expenses and amounted to approximately \$500330 and \$494,0500 for the nine months ended July 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

**Income taxes:** Deferred taxes are provided on some liability method whereby deferred tax assets are recognized for deductible temporary differences and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards and deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences. Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

The Company follows the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 740 Subtopic 10 ASC 740-10, which provides criteria for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of uncertain tax positions. A tax benefit from an uncertain tax position may be recognized only if it is more likely than not that the position is sustainable based on its technical merits. Management evaluated the Company's tax positions and concluded that the Company had taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment to the financial statements to comply with the provisions of this guidance.

The Company recognizes interest and penalties, if any, related to uncertain tax positions in selling, general and administrative expenses. No interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions were accrued at July 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017.

The U.S. government enacted comprehensive tax legislation commonly referred to as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (the "Tax Act"). The Tax Act makes broad and complex changes to the U.S. tax code that affects revaluation of deferred tax assets and liabilities to reflect the federal tax rate reduction from 35.0% to 21.0%. In accordance with this guidance, the Company has included a charge to income tax expense to decrease the deferred tax assets for the nine months ended July 31, 2018 of approximately \$133,000 related to the decrease in the federal corporate income tax rate for future periods. This is a non-cash charge to income tax expense and does not affect the amount of taxes paid by the Company for the nine months ended July 31, 2018.

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

## Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Reclassification**: Certain items in the July 31, 2017 consolidated financials statements have been reclassified to conform to the July 31, 2018 presentation.

**Evaluation of subsequent events**: The Company evaluates events occurring after the date of the unaudited consolidated financial statements to consider whether or not the impact of such events needs to be reflected and/or disclosed in the unaudited consolidated financial statements. Such evaluation is performed through the date the unaudited consolidated financial statements are available for issuance, which was August 17, 2018.

#### Note 3. Inventories

Inventories consist of the following:

	As of	As of			
	July 31, 2018 October 31, 20	October 31, 2017			
Raw materials	\$  1,539,605   \$  1,782,377				
Work-in-process	741,291 720,637				
Finished goods	570,2241,171,651	<u> </u>			
	\$ 2,851,121 \$ 3,674,665	5			

## Note3. Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consist of the following:

		As of		
	Ju	ly 31, 2018	Octo	ober 31, 2017
Prepaid advertising and marketing costs	\$	160,377	\$	205,264
Other		195,156		182,738
	\$	355,533	\$	388,002

#### **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

## Note 5. Equipment and Leasehold Improvements

Equipment and leasehold improvements consist of the following:

	As of				Estimated
	Ju	July 31, 2018		ober 31, 2017	Useful Life
					Term of lease or useful
Leasehold improvements	\$	724,004	\$	722,001	life, whichever is shorter
Furniture and equipment		707,661		484,570	7 years
Transportation equipment		63,614		63,614	3 to 7 years
		1,495,279		1,277,225	_
Less accumulated depreciation					
and amortization		(670,164)		(538,749)	
Equipment and leasehold					-
improvements, net	\$	825,115	\$	738,476	_

## Note 6. Bank Revolving Credit Line

In December 2016, the Company entered into a new revolving credit facility with a lending facility. Borrowings under this agreement may not exceed the lesser of \$1,500,000 or 80% of eligible accounts receivable, as defined. The Company also has available \$500,000, letter of credits which is a sublimit of the credit facility. Interest on the line accrues at the bank's prime rate plus 2.5% per annum. The line of credit also requires the Company to comply with certain nonfinancial and financial covenants as defined in the agreement. There was \$400,000 on the line outstanding at July 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017, respectively.

## Note 7. Shareholders' Equity

On August 17, 2016, the Company adopted the 2016 Stock Incentive Plan (the 2016 Plan). The 2016 Plan authorizes the grant of incentive options, nonqualified options, stock appreciation rights, restricted awards and performance awards. Incentive options may only be granted to employees of the Company. The option price at which an option may be exercised must be at least 100% of the fair market value per share of the common stock on the date of grant (or 110% of the fair market value with respect to incentive options granted to an employee who owns stock possessing more than 10% of the total voting power of all classes of stock of the Company). The maximum number of shares that may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the 2016 Plan may not exceed the sum of (a) 500,000 shares, plus (b) any shares of common stock remaining available for issuance as of the effective date of the 2003 Plan.

## Note 8. Related Party Transactions

On October 15, 1990, the Company's former president exercised a stock option to purchase 36,458 shares of common stock at a purchase price of \$0.96 per share. A note was received for the purchase. The note is due on demand and has an outstanding balance of \$36,710 at July 31, 2018 and October 31, 2017. During 2016, the Company reduced the balance to \$4,210 as \$32,500 was deemed uncollectable.

## **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

## Note 9. Employee Benefit Plan

The Company has a defined contribution plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) covering all qualified employees. Participants may elect to defer a percentage of their pretax annual compensation, subject to an annual limitation as provided by the Code.

## Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies

**Legal matters**: The Company is involved in various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business. Management is of the opinion that the ultimate outcome of these matters will not have a material adverse impact on the consolidated financial position of the Company or the consolidated results of its operations or cash flows.